Sacramento Metro Area Economic Forecast

The Sacramento metropolitan region, which consists of three counties—Placer, Sacramento, and El Dorado is influenced by the rapid growth of industry and population primarily in Sacramento and Placer Counties. The economic expansion of the later 1990s brought significant growth to the region, in terms of electronics employment growth, overall population growth, and a large surge in new housing.

In 2001, the three county area demonstrated greater economic resilience than any other Northern California region. The Sacramento Valley economy continued to create jobs, lower unemployment, and increase incomes during an otherwise "recession" year in California.

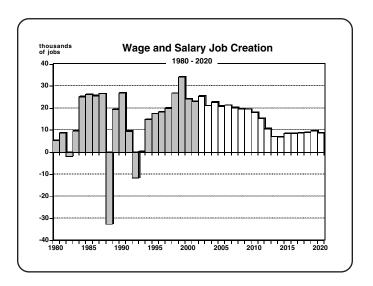
The region is home to 1.7 million residents, the dominant portion living in Sacramento County, and in particular, the City of Sacramento. Public Sector employment is a driving economic force, supporting State of California government departments located in Sacramento.

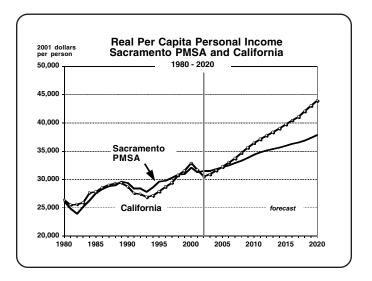
The Highway 65 Corridor

The Highway 65 Corridor lies 20 miles east of Sacramento on Interstate 80, only 90 minutes from the ski resorts, casinos, and alpine recreation areas of Lake Tahoe and two hours from the Pacific Ocean. Retail opportunities along Highway 65 Corridor include the Galleria Roseville and Creekside development, professional office space (such as space occupied by Agilent Technologies), recently completed transportation corridors such as East Roseville parkway, Blue Oaks Boulevard, Pleasant Grove Road, and finally access from 65 to Interstate I-80. California businesses considering expansion or relocation to other states have achieved similar benefits by locating along the Highway 65 Corridor.

Population January 2001

Sacramento County	1,258,629
Sacramento	418,711
Citrus Heights	86,794
Folsom	57,166
Galt	20,259
El Dorado County	159,693
Placerville	9,911
South Lake Tahoe	23,956





Placer County	257,511
Roseville	83,002
Rocklin	38,634
Lincoln	13,898
Auburn	12,511

Forecast Highlights

• Population growth accelerates in the region to 2.3 percent per year over the next 5 years. Higher levels of migration (due to the availability and the affordability of housing) and an increase in the natural increase are responsible for the faster population growth forecast.

Sacramento Metro Area Economic Forecast

1995-2001 History, 2002-2020 Forecast

	Population (people)	Net Migration (people)	Registered Vehicles (thousands)	Households (thousands)		Retail Sales (billions)	Personal Income (billions)	Real Per Capita Income (dollars)	Farm Crop Value (millions)	Industrial Production (billions)
199	1,496,900	736	1,232	550.8	7,317	\$10.0	\$35.4	\$29,657	\$293	\$7.2
199	1,518,400	10,001	1,272	557.3	8,203	\$10.5	\$36.9	\$29,780	\$314	\$7.5
199	7 1,543,400	14,320	1,224	563.7	9,255	\$11.1	\$39.4	\$30,280	\$326	\$7.8
1998	3 1,579,500	25,584	1,312	571.0	13,220	\$11.8	\$42.4	\$30,799	\$340	\$8.3
1999	9 1,621,100	31,269	1,361	580.1	14,074	\$13.6	\$45.5	\$30,920	\$372	\$9.8
200	1,639,200	29,128	1,435	603.2	15,691	\$15.3	\$49.9	\$32,084	\$370	\$10.8
200	1,693,200	42,997	1,493	615.6	17,593	\$16.7	\$53.0	\$31,288	\$398	\$10.9
200	2 1,740,074	35,887	1,526	628.4	16,171	\$17.7	\$56.9	\$31,554	\$410	\$11.3
200	3 1,783,332	32,045	1,560	643.7	15,922	\$18.6	\$59.9	\$31,560	\$424	\$11.8
2004	1,824,868	30,080	1,596	658.7	16,064	\$19.7	\$63.6	\$31,868	\$432	\$12.5
200	1,865,770	29,188	1,632	673.9	16,125	\$20.9	\$67.4	\$32,121	\$441	\$13.1
200	1,906,321	28,603	1,668	689.1	16,361	\$22.3	\$71.5	\$32,449	\$448	\$13.8
200	7 1,946,496	28,061	1,704	704.6	16,173	\$23.6	\$75.9	\$32,831	\$455	\$14.3
200	3 1,986,021	27,292	1,739	719.9	16,245	\$25.2	\$80.7	\$33,330	\$461	\$14.8
2009	2,025,580	27,203	1,774	735.2	16,534	\$26.9	\$85.9	\$33,849	\$467	\$15.4
2010	2,065,475	27,428	1,807	750.9	16,756	\$28.7	\$91.6	\$34,386	\$475	\$16.0
201	1 2,105,095	27,035	1,839	766.7	16,670	\$30.8	\$97.4	\$34,845	\$482	\$16.7
201	2,143,741	25,929	1,866	782.5	16,411	\$32.8	\$103.1	\$35,129	\$496	\$17.1
2013	3 2,181,692	25,132	1,888	798.0	16,271	\$35.0	\$108.8	\$35,364	\$509	\$17.4
2014	4 2,219,157	24,568	1,907	813.4	16,191	\$37.1	\$114.8	\$35,620	\$523	\$17.9
201	2,256,675	24,566	1,926	828.7	16,291	\$39.5	\$121.1	\$35,930	\$540	\$18.2
201	2,294,648	25,008	1,945	844.1	16,523	\$42.0	\$127.9	\$36,232	\$560	\$18.6
201	7 2,332,725	25,087	1,963	859.7	16,828	\$44.7	\$135.0	\$36,489	\$583	\$19.1
2018	3 2,371,327	25,622	1,982	875.6	17,212	\$47.6	\$142.8	\$36,866	\$605	\$19.7
2019	9 2,410,144	25,882	2,001	891.9	17,465	\$50.6	\$151.5	\$37,372	\$627	\$20.1
2020	2,448,995	26,021	2,019	908.4	17,633	\$53.6	\$160.2	\$37,831	\$647	\$20.6

• The region will add 25,000 new wage and salary jobs in 2002. Between 2002 and 2007, job growth if forecast to average 2.6 percent per year. Much of the gain in job creation will be attributable to the services sector.

Forecast Job Creation of the next 5 years:

Services	48,000
Trade	16,800
Government	16,700
Manufacturing	7,200
Construction	5,700

- The region added public sector jobs at an average annual 3.0 percent rate between 1995 and 2000. The rate of growth in state and local government jobs is forecast to slow to 2.4 percent over the next 5 years.
- The unemployment rate averages 4.9 percent over the next 5 years.

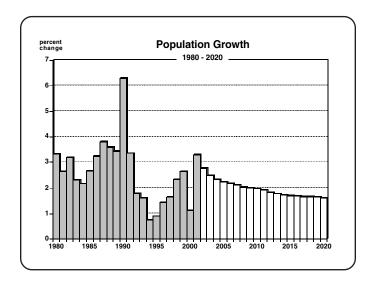
- Real personal income if forecast to rise 3.1 percent per year during the decade. Real per capita income is forecast to grow 0.80 percent per year between 2002 and 2007. The slowdown in capital gains income is the reason for the decelerated growth of total personal income over the foreseeable future.
- 16,200 units per year are forecast for the Sacramento MSA over the next 5 years. Most of these homes will be permitted in Sacramento County. Non-residential building also remains prolific in Sacramento County.;
- Housing prices, adjusted for inflation, rise 2.4 percent per year between 2002 and 2007. More housing stock in the region keeps home prices in check.

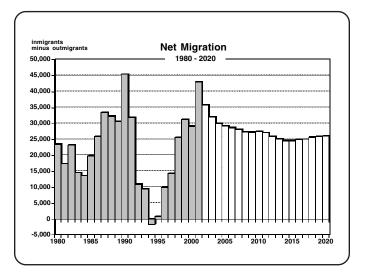
Total				T==		Wholesale,	Finance,		
Total Wage & Salary (000)	Farm (000)	Construction (000)	Mining (000)	Manufacturing (000)	ensportation, Utilities (000)	, Retail Trade (000)	Real Estate (000)	Services (000)	Government (000)
	-			employm	ent (jobs)				
591	3.6	27.6	0.2	40.7	25.0	131.2	38.9	157.7	165.8
609	3.7	30.0	0.2	43.3	24.8	133.8	39.3	167.1	166.7
629	3.8	33.2	0.2	45.3	24.7	136.7	42.2	173.9	169.1
656	3.7	37.1	0.2	46.8	26.2	140.0	47.5	182.5	171.8
690	3.9	43.5	0.2	48.5	27.1	144.9	49.7	193.4	178.6
714	4.0	47.5	0.3	50.7	27.5	152.5	47.8	202.0	181.4
737	4.4	53.0	0.4	51.3	28.1	156.5	49.1	205.7	188.4
762	4.1	55.4	0.4	52.0	28.8	160.1	54.1	215.7	191.7
783	4.1	57.2	0.4	53.3	29.4	163.4	55.6	225.2	194.8
806	4.2	58.2	0.4	54.9	30.1	166.7	57.7	235.3	198.4
827	4.5	59.1	0.4	56.5	30.6	170.0	59.0	244.8	201.8
848	4.9	59.9	0.4	57.9	31.2	173.4	60.6	254.6	205.1
868	4.7	61.1	0.4	59.2	31.7	176.8	62.1	264.0	208.4
888	4.3	61.7	0.4	60.4	32.1	180.4	63.5	273.4	211.8
907	4.4	61.6	0.4	61.4	32.5	184.0	64.7	282.2	216.0
925	4.5	60.9	0.4	62.3	32.8	187.8	65.9	290.3	220.4
941	4.6	60.2	0.4	63.0	33.0	191.6	66.7	297.1	224.0
952	4.8	59.7	0.4	63.6	32.9	195.4	67.1	301.2	226.5
959	4.9	58.3	0.4	64.1	32.7	199.1	67.3	304.1	227.6
966	4.9	57.4	0.4	64.4	32.8	202.7	67.6	307.4	227.9
974	4.8	56.8	0.4	64.6	33.1	206.2	68.0	311.7	228.3
982	4.8	56.6	0.4	64.7	33.4	209.8	68.3	315.4	229.0
991	4.9	56.6	0.4	64.6	33.8	213.2	68.6	319.2	229.8
1,000	5.1	56.7	0.4	64.4	34.2	216.7	68.9	322.8	230.9
1,010	5.2	57.2	0.4	64.0	34.6	220.1	69.1	326.5	232.5
1,018	5.2	57.8	0.4	63.4	35.0	223.5	69.1	329.5	234.4

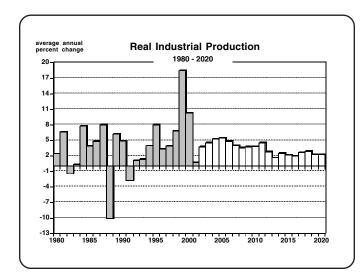
PRIVATE SECTOR WAGES 4th QUARTER 2000

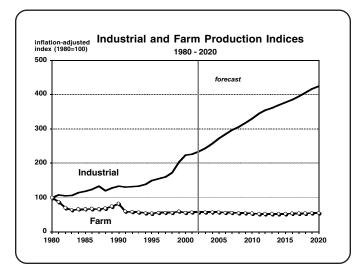
Occupational Title	Mean Annual Wage
Computer Hardware Engineers	\$88,287
Pharmacists	\$70,057
General and Operational Managers	\$69,828
Advertising and Promotions Manager	s \$69,774
Chemical Engineers	\$67,511
Industrial Engineers	\$67,484
Real Estate Brokers	\$65,410
Electrical Engineer	\$63,859
Financial Analysts	\$57,000
Registered Nurses	\$56,357
Computer Systems Analysts	\$55,312
Computer Programmers	\$54,684
Multi-Media Artists and Animators	\$52,893
Police and Sheriff's Patrol Officers	\$52,883
Database Administrators	\$50,374
Computer and Information Research	\$41,468
Child, Family, School Social Workers	\$35,154
Legal Secretaries	\$33,805
Construction Laborers	\$29,661
Biological Technicians	\$27,803
Data Entry personnel	\$23,827
Retail Salespersons	\$21,628
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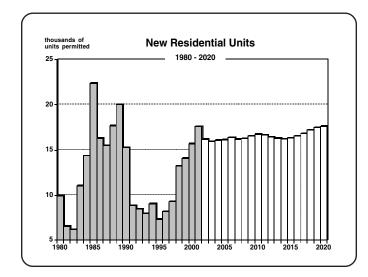
Prepared by Sacramento Regional Research Institute
Note: Wage Data from EDD is available for Sacramento PMSA area only.
Source: California Employment Development Department, Labor Market
Information Division, OES Employment and Wages by Occupation,
Fourth Quarter 2000

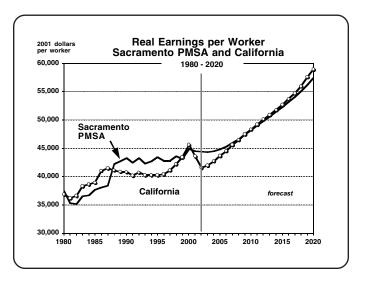


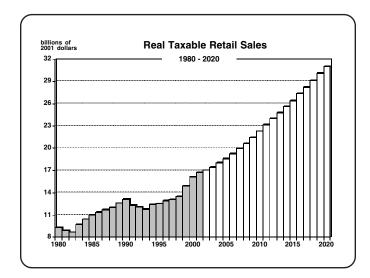


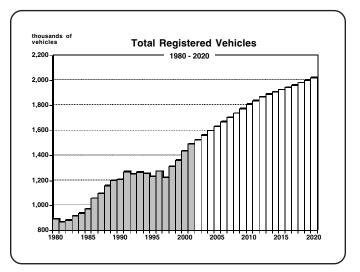


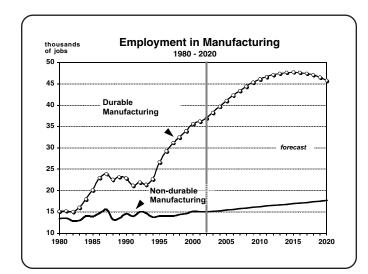


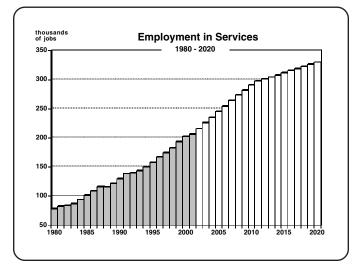












Sacramento County Economic Forecast

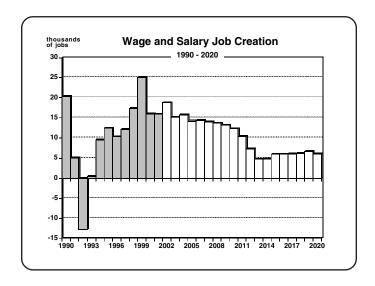
Labor market conditions in Sacramento have steadily improved over the last five years. The county is emerging as a technology center for electronic information processing industries, as many large employers and numerous small firms have chosen Sacramento County as their home. Recently, the private sector established a few, large "data warehouses" into the area. These are high security, somewhat low profile facilities that lease data storage space, provide computer servers, and handle other data processing services.

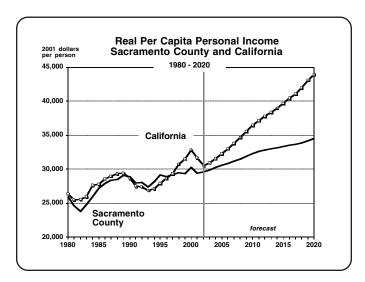
Between 1995 and 2000, 81,000 jobs were added to total wage and salary employment in Sacramento County, representing a cumulative growth of 17 percent. In 2001, the county recorded an increase of 16,000 jobs. The Government sector added 4,500 jobs, and construction increased by 4,000 jobs. Services and retail trade contributed 2,500 jobs each.

Sacramento, the state's capital and the largest city in the county, recorded a population of 418,700 in 2001, an increase of 1.8 percent over 2000, and 10 percent greater than the population 10 years earlier.

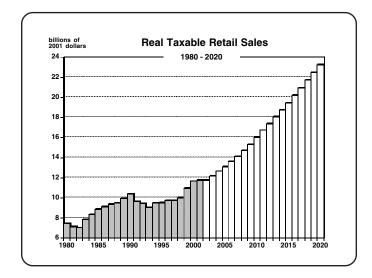
Forecast Highlights

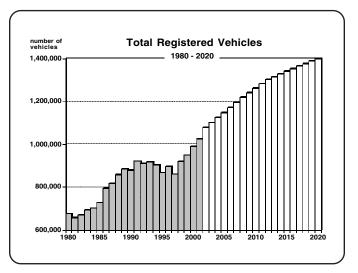
- The County will create about 19,000 jobs in 2002. However, job growth over the next 5 years softens, averaging 2.4 percent per year. This compares to the 3.1 percent growth in employment that prevailed during the 1995 to 2000 period.
- Manufacturing, construction, and services will be the principal sectors of job creation in Sacramento County. The manufacturing sector is forecast to grow jobs at an annual rate of 3.2 percent per year. Employment in the services sector grows at a compound annual rate of growth of 3.7 percent between 2002 and 2007. Jobs in the public sector rise at a 1.3 percent rate of growth.
- Salaries per worker averaged \$46,850 in 2001. Salaries are forecast to rise at an average compound rate of growth of 1 percent per year between 2002 and 2007. This rate of increase is slightly faster than the average 0.7 percent per year increase recorded between 1995 and 2000. Real per capita incomes are also forecast to rise one percent per year between 2002 and 2007.

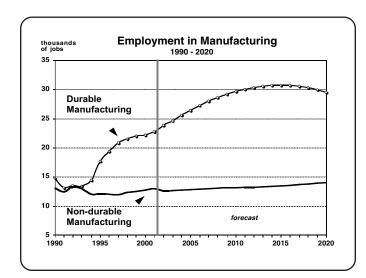


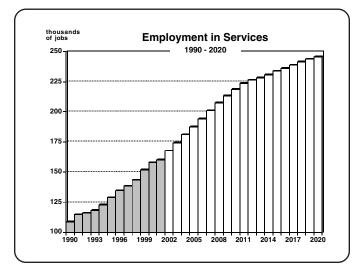


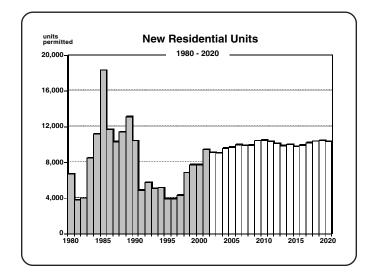
- Inflation adjusted retail sales rise 3.7 percent per year between 2002 and 2007. The forecast rate of growth is a slight decline from the average annual 4.2 percent rate of increase recorded between 1995 and 2000.
- Home building remains strong in the County, averaging 9,500 home permits per year. More home building accommodates an increase in population growth over the forecast horizon. Population rises an average of 2.3 percent per year between 2002 and 2007. Migration remains high but gradually slows down, to approximately 20,000 migrants per year. The natural increase in population accelerates.

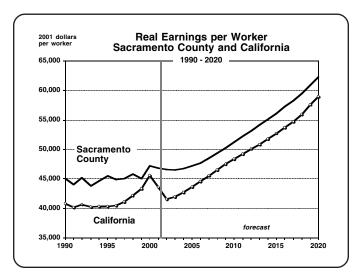


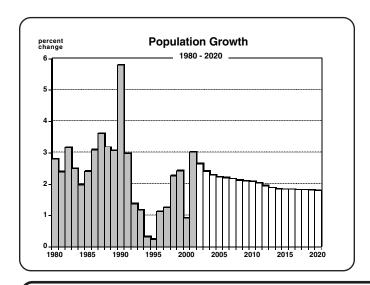


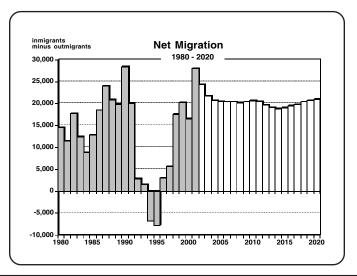








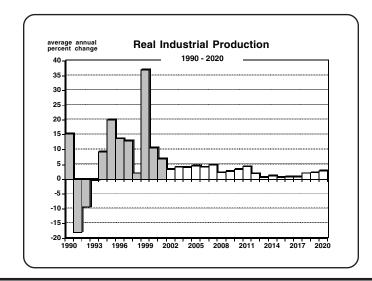


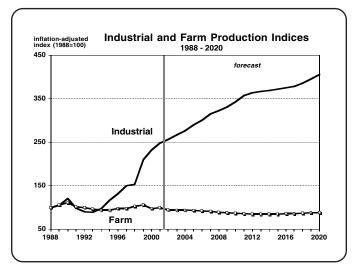


Sacramento County Economic Forecast 1995-2001 History, 2002-2020 Forecast

	Population (people)	Net Migration (people)	Registered Vehicles (number)	Households (thousands)	New Homes Permitted (homes)	Retail Sales (billions)	Personal Income (billions)	Real Per Capita Income (dollars)	Farm Crop Value (millions)	Industrial Production (billions)
1995	1,137,000	-7,734	868,669	423.9	3,863	\$8.3	\$28.9	\$29,147	\$251.5	\$10.0
1996	1,149,700	3,019	897,848	427.4	3,870	\$8.6	\$29.5	\$28,951	\$266.0	\$11.3
1997	1,164,200	5.584	860.795	430.5	4,339	\$8.8	\$30.7	\$29,252	\$270.9	\$12.8
1998	1,190,700	17,516	919,373	434.3	6,842	\$9.2	\$32.1	\$29,475	\$289.4	\$13.1
1999	1,219,500	20,148	948,829	438.7	7,743	\$10.2	\$33.6	\$29,392	\$303.0	\$17.9
2000	1,230,600	16,550	991,020	452.1	7,750	\$11.3	\$36.0	\$30,246	\$291.0	\$19.8
2001	1,267,800	27,971	1,024,721	459.0	9,434	\$11.8	\$37.3	\$29,402	\$305.9	\$21.2
2002	1,301,430	24,275	1,079,519	474.2	9,095	\$12.2	\$39.8	\$29,640	\$299.9	\$21.9
2003	1,332,738	21,721	1,101,860	484.5	9,059	\$12.8	\$42.0	\$29,871	\$305.1	\$22.8
2004	1,363,278	20,723	1,125,375	494.7	9,550	\$13.6	\$44.5	\$30,256	\$309.6	\$23.6
2005	1,393,713	20,378	1,148,872	504.9	9,718	\$14.5	\$47.1	\$30,571	\$314.7	\$24.7
2006	1,424,341	20,343	1,172,476	515.2	9,992	\$15.4	\$49.8	\$30,862	\$318.5	\$25.7
2007	1,455,133	20,329	1,195,810	525.7	9,919	\$16.3	\$52.5	\$31,173	\$321.8	\$26.9
2008	1,485,855	20,112	1,218,731	536.0	9,952	\$17.4	\$55.5	\$31,522	\$324.9	\$27.5
2009	1,516,928	20,315	1,241,419	546.4	10,416	\$18.6	\$58.6	\$31,890	\$327.7	\$28.3
2010	1,548,473	20,651	1,263,485	556.9	10,492	\$19.8	\$62.0	\$32,272	\$331.2	\$29.2
2011	1,579,961	20,450	1,284,051	567.6	10,328	\$21.3	\$65.5	\$32,615	\$334.6	\$30.5
2012	1,610,800	19,648	1,301,782	578.3	10,131	\$22.7	\$69.0	\$32,846	\$341.6	\$31.0
2013	1,641,201	19,076	1,316,288	588.7	9,903	\$24.1	\$72.5	\$33,013	\$348.8	\$31.2
2014	1,671,434	18,794	1,328,880	599.1	10,027	\$25.7	\$76.0	\$33,168	\$356.5	\$31.6
2015	1,701,988	19,017	1,341,077	609.5	9,795	\$27.2	\$79.6	\$33,346	\$365.8	\$31.8
2016	1,733,113	19,523	1,353,070	619.9	9,959	\$29.0	\$83.5	\$33,524	\$377.2	\$32.0
2017	1,764,551	19,766	1,365,198	630.4	10,195	\$30.9	\$87.7	\$33,675	\$390.8	\$32.3
2018	1,796,622	20,349	1,377,360	641.2	10,372	\$32.8	\$92.1	\$33,885	\$403.8	\$32.9
2019	1,829,080	20,715	1,389,767	652.2	10,446	\$34.8	\$96.8	\$34,188	\$416.3	\$33.7
2020	1,861,746	20,945	1,401,875	663.3	10,345	\$36.8	\$101.7	\$34,495	\$427.9	\$34.7

• The median home selling price was \$174,603 in 2001. The average rate of inflation-adjusted price appreciation recorded between 1995 and 2000 was 3.8 percent per year. That rate is forecast to slow to 2.0 percent per year between 2002 and 2007. In the year 2007, a nominal (current dollar) median housing price of \$254,000 is forecast.





Total Wage & Salary (000)	Farm (000)	Mining & Construction (000)	Manufacturing (000)	Transportation, Utilities (000)	Wholesale, Retail Trade (000)	Finance, Real Estate (000)	Services (000)	Government (000)
				yment (jobs)				
482.0	2.9	20.2	29.8	20.3	101.3	33.5	128.9	145.1
492.3	2.9	21.5	31.4	20.2	102.5	33.9	134.7	145.1
504.3	3.0	23.7	32.8	19.8	103.9	36.3	138.6	146.3
521.6	3.0	26.1	33.9	21.0	105.8	40.7	143.5	147.6
546.6	3.2	30.3	34.6	21.9	108.9	42.6	152.0	152.9
562.7	3.3	33.1	35.0	22.2	114.9	40.3	157.8	156.2
578.5	3.6	36.9	35.7	22.6	117.3	41.2	160.3	160.7
597.3	3.5	38.2	36.5	23.3	120.6	45.5	167.6	162.2
612.4	3.4	39.3	37.3	23.8	123.3	46.9	174.1	164.3
628.1	3.3	40.0	38.3	24.4	125.8	48.5	181.0	166.7
642.3	3.2	40.5	39.3	24.9	128.2	49.6	187.6	168.9
656.7	3.2	41.0	40.1	25.3	130.6	50.9	194.4	171.1
670.8	3.1	41.8	40.9	25.7	133.0	52.0	200.8	173.3
684.5	3.1	42.2	41.6	26.1	135.4	53.2	207.3	175.6
697.7	3.0	42.1	42.3	26.5	137.9	54.2	213.3	178.4
710.1	3.0	41.7	42.8	26.8	140.4	55.1	218.9	181.3
720.5	3.0	41.2	43.3	26.9	143.1	55.7	223.7	183.7
727.8	2.9	40.9	43.6	26.9	145.7	56.0	226.5	185.3
732.6	2.9	40.0	43.9	26.7	148.3	56.2	228.4	186.1
737.5	2.9	39.4	44.1	26.8	150.8	56.4	230.7	186.3
743.5	2.9	39.1	44.3	27.0	153.3	56.7	233.6	186.6
749.4	2.9	38.9	44.3	27.3	155.8	57.0	236.3	187.0
755.5	2.9	38.9	44.3	27.6	158.2	57.2	238.9	187.5
761.6	2.9	39.0	44.1	27.9	160.6	57.4	241.3	188.3
768.2	2.9	39.3	43.9	28.3	163.0	57.6	243.9	189.3
774.3	2.9	39.7	43.5	28.6	165.4	57.6	245.9	190.6

El Dorado County Economic Forecast

Considered one of the most diversified recreational areas in California, the El Dorado National Forest is one of the most heavily used wilderness areas in the nation. The Sierra Nevada Mountains, the north fork of the American River, and Lake Tahoe are just some of the county's natural attractions. Not surprisingly, the county economy is heavily dependent on recreation and tourism.

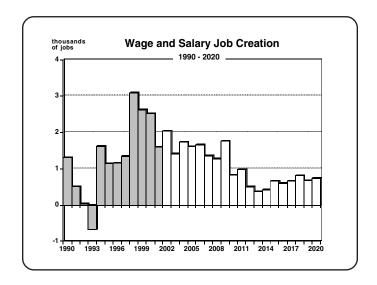
According to 2000 Census data, El Dorado County was the ninth fastest growing county in the state during the 1990s, recording a 24.1 percent increase in population. The addition of more than 30,000 new residents over the ten-year period brought the total population for the county to nearly 160,000 in 2001.

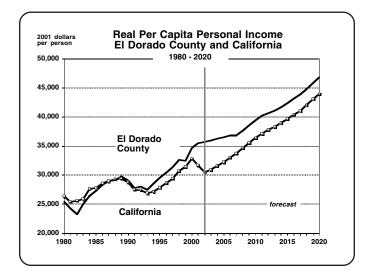
Nearly 80 percent of population increase since 1980 is due to the overall growth of the Sacramento region with the majority of the growth in El Dorado County occurring in the El Dorado Hills/Cameron Park area. As transportation services and housing opportunities increase, this trend is expected to continue.

While much of El Dorado is known for recreation and tourism, the western slope of the county is emerging as an information technology center. The combination of healthy labor market conditions and the county's quality of life are attracting businesses involved in computer billing, software consulting, and research and development to El Dorado. These trends should continue as growth over the next 5 years is projected in all major industries but especially in manufacturing and the services, including information services.

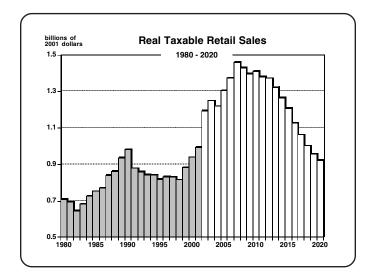
Forecast Highlights

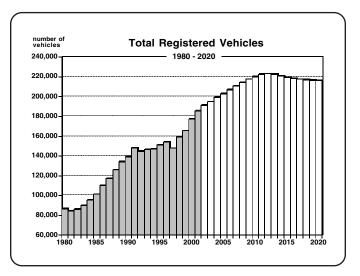
- Job growth averages 3.1 percent per year between 2002 and 2007. This year, an estimated 2,000 jobs will be created in El Dorado County.
- The unemployment rate averages 4.8 percent for the year, and declines marginally in 2003 and 2004.
- Employment growth in services averages 4.5 percent per year between 2002 and 2007. Most of the jobs created in the County will be in the services sector, including professional services and personal services. Older age populations will demand more services in healthcare.

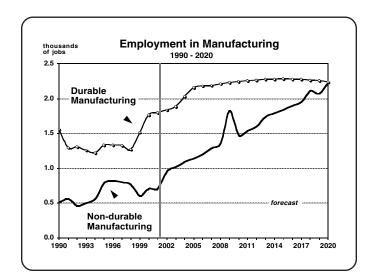


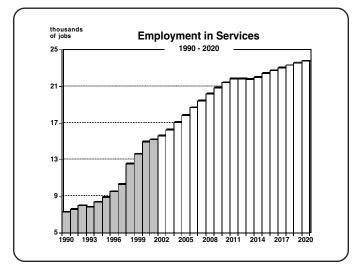


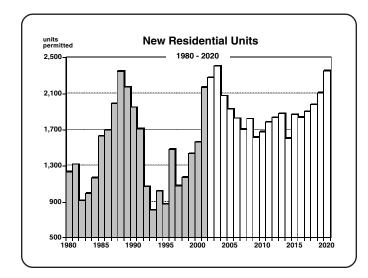
- Population growth accelerates over the next 5 years. More housing and employment opportunities in the region provide an avenue for growth. Compound annual growth in the 2002 to 2007 period averages 2.4 percent per year, from 1.8 percent between 1995 and 2000.
- Real per capita incomes rise an at annual compound rate of 3.7 percent, over the next 5 years. Real (inflation-adjusted) salaries in the County average \$33,533 in 2002. They are forecast to rise at an annual compound rate of 1.4 percent between 2002 and 2007.

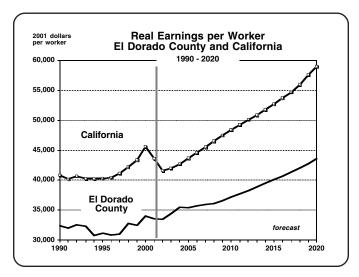


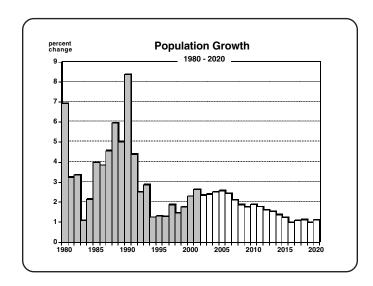


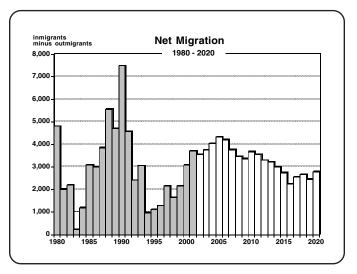








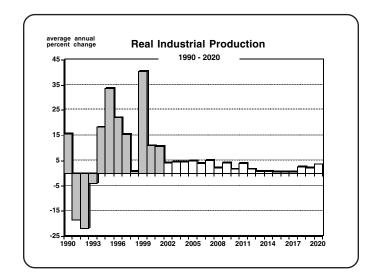


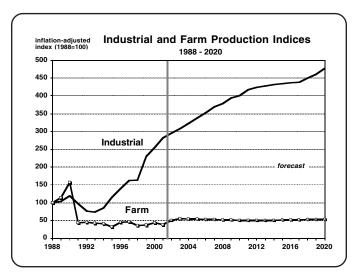


El Dorado County Economic Forecast 1995-2001 History, 2002-2020 Forecast

	Population (people)	Net Migration (people)	Registered Vehicles (number)	Households (thousands)	New Homes Permitted (homes)	Retail Sales (billions)	Personal Income (billions)	Real Per Capita Income (dollars)	Farm Crop Value (millions)	Industrial Production (billions)
1995	146,500	1,116	151,069	52.0	880	\$0.7	\$3.5	\$29,550	\$15.0	\$0.8
1996	148,400	1,272	154,072	52.8	1,486	\$0.7	\$3.7	\$30,499	\$21.6	\$1.0
1997	151,200	2,138	148,121	53.6	1,079	\$0.7	\$4.0	\$31,421	\$23.2	\$1.2
1998	153,400	1,638	159,235	54.7	1,172	\$0.7	\$4.4	\$32,609	\$18.7	\$1.2
1999	156,100	2,144	165,774	55.6	1,435	\$0.8	\$4.6	\$32,418	\$19.7	\$1.7
2000	159,700	3,078	177,465	58.8	1,562	\$0.9	\$5.6	\$34,770	\$24.2	\$1.8
2001	163,900	656	185,721	59.8	2,174	\$1.0	\$5.8	\$35,488	\$22.4	\$2.0
2002	167,776	3,542	190,993	61.5	2,278	\$1.2	\$6.2	\$35,743	\$31.4	\$2.1
2003	171,817	3,754	194,783	63.3	2,411	\$1.3	\$6.5	\$35,920	\$34.8	\$2.2
2004	176,114	4,045	199,027	65.2	2,079	\$1.3	\$6.9	\$36,240	\$35.3	\$2.3
2005	180,657	4,320	203,108	66.9	1,927	\$1.5	\$7.3	\$36,590	\$36.1	\$2.4
2006	185,056	4,210	207,103	68.5	1,830	\$1.6	\$7.8	\$36,880	\$36.6	\$2.5
2007	188,969	3,765	210,836	69.9	1,710	\$1.7	\$8.3	\$36,838	\$37.2	\$2.7
2008	192,525	3,450	214,260	71.3	1,826	\$1.7	\$8.9	\$37,694	\$37.8	\$2.7
2009	195,947	3,359	217,487	72.7	1,617	\$1.8	\$9.5	\$38,592	\$38.4	\$2.9
2010	199,645	3,675	220,342	74.0	1,675	\$1.8	\$10.2	\$39,460	\$39.1	\$2.9
2011	203,202	3,554	222,423	75.4	1,785	\$1.8	\$10.8	\$40,194	\$39.7	\$3.0
2012	206,474	3,300	223,132	76.8	1,840	\$1.9	\$11.5	\$40,668	\$41.4	\$3.1
2013	209,639	3,221	222,377	78.3	1,879	\$1.9	\$12.2	\$41,114	\$42.5	\$3.1
2014	212,538	2,985	220,906	79.8	1,608	\$1.8	\$12.9	\$41,670	\$43.9	\$3.1
2015	215,164	2,745	219,516	81.1	1,869	\$1.8	\$13.6	\$42,381	\$45.5	\$3.1
2016	217,262	2,255	218,288	82.6	1,841	\$1.7	\$14.4	\$43,178	\$47.4	\$3.2
2017	219,622	2,545	217,371	84.0	1,903	\$1.7	\$15.3	\$43,840	\$49.4	\$3.2
2018	222,065	2,671	216,686	85.6	1,982	\$1.6	\$16.2	\$44,726	\$51.1	\$3.3
2019	224,253	2,455	216,317	87.1	2,109	\$1.6	\$17.3	\$45,866	\$52.8	\$3.3
2020	226,725	2,789	215,968	88.8	2,356	\$1.6	\$18.4	\$46,812	\$54.4	\$3.5

• The median home selling price in El Dorado County was \$232,750 in 2001. Over the forecast horizon, the median price rises an average of 2.4 percent per year, adjusted for inflation. This is a moderate decline from the 5.8 percent average real appreciation per year between 1995 and 2000.





Total Wage & Salary (000)	Farm (000)	Mining & Construction (000)	Manufacturing (000)	Transportation, Utilities (000)	Trade (000)	Finance, Real Estate (000)	Services (000)	Government (000)
33.4	0.342	2.3	2.1	1.1	9.3	1.5	8.9	7.9
34.6	0.392	2.6	2.2	1.1	9.2	1.4	9.5	8.2
35.9	0.383	2.7	2.1	1.2	9.3	1.4	10.4	8.4
39.0	0.308	3.1	2.0	1.3	9.6	1.6	12.6	8.5
41.6	0.342	3.5	2.1	1.3	10.2	1.6	13.6	8.9
44.1	0.350	3.8	2.5	1.2	10.8	1.6	15.0	9.0
45.7	0.383	4.4	2.5	1.2	11.1	1.6	15.2	9.3
47.7	0.234	4.5	2.8	1.3	11.5	1.6	15.6	9.5
49.1	0.268	4.6	2.9	1.4	11.7	1.6	16.3	9.7
50.9	0.348	4.7	3.1	1.4	11.9	1.7	17.1	10.0
52.5	0.489	4.8	3.3	1.5	12.0	1.7	17.8	10.2
54.1	0.672	4.9	3.4	1.5	12.2	1.7	18.7	10.5
55.5	0.617	5.0	3.5	1.5	12.4	1.7	19.4	10.7
56.8	0.482	5.0	3.6	1.6	12.6	1.7	20.2	11.0
58.5	0.549	5.0	4.0	1.6	12.9	1.7	20.8	11.3
59.3	0.592	4.9	3.7	1.6	13.1	1.7	21.4	11.6
60.3	0.641	4.9	3.8	1.6	13.3	1.7	21.8	11.8
60.8	0.717	4.8	3.9	1.6	13.5	1.8	21.8	12.0
61.2	0.784	4.7	4.0	1.6	13.8	1.8	21.8	12.1
61.6	0.771	4.6	4.1	1.6	14.0	1.8	22.0	12.1
62.3	0.758	4.6	4.1	1.6	14.2	1.8	22.4	12.2
62.9	0.756	4.6	4.2	1.6	14.4	1.8	22.7	12.2
63.5	0.783	4.6	4.2	1.7	14.6	1.8	23.0	12.3
64.3	0.845	4.6	4.4	1.7	14.8	1.8	23.3	12.3
65.0	0.882	4.6	4.3	1.7	15.0	1.8	23.6	12.5
65.8	0.900	4.7	4.5	1.7	15.2	1.8	23.8	12.6

Placer County Economic Forecast

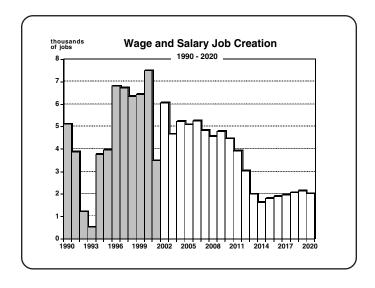
Placer County, one of California's fastest growing counties, is characterized by high incomes and a technology-based economy. The attractions of the region, including comparatively affordable land and housing, as well as a superior quality of life, ushered in a decade of unprecedented expansion.

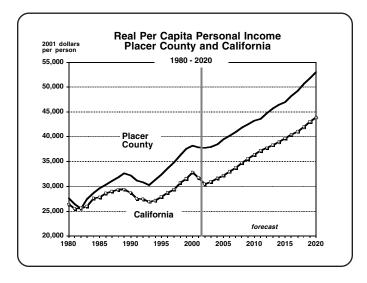
The 2000 Census had Placer County's population at 248,400, an increase over the 1990 Census of 44 percent or 75,600 residents. Placer is the state's fastest growing county, with the south Placer cities of Rocklin, Roseville, and Lincoln expanding most rapidly. All three recorded growth of at least 50 percent, with Rocklin leading at 91 percent growth. Population projections estimate the county will be home to more than 363,000 by the year 2010, an increase of 41 percent over the July 2001 population of 261,500.

The south Placer County area is emerging as an important information technology center in the greater Sacramento region. Large computer components manufacturing as well as other smaller firms and related businesses have moved into the region, many of them companies that are relocating or expanding from the Bay Area. Technology industry employers are attracted to Placer County's quality of life, cost of housing, and recreational opportunities.

Employment in the retail trade sector jumped 34 percent between 1995 and 2000. Retailers are generally attracted to the south Placer area because of its strategic location in one of the state's fastest population growth areas and the rapid increase of high wage jobs in the region, particularly those in information technology and related fields.

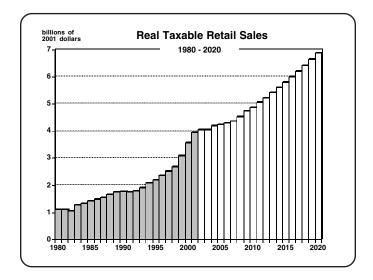
The region's rapidly growing manufacturing sector is a source of pride for the County. Manufacturing currently provides 12 percent of non-farm employment in Placer County. Manufacturing employment in Placer County has increased from 7,500 in 1990 to 13,000 in 2001. Most of this growth is due to expansion in manufacturing of electronic equipment. The largest manufacturing employment category, electronic equipment, employs 60 percent of the sector. The rapidly expanding size of this sector is due partially to the presence of Hewlett-Packard and NEC. Employment in these sectors increased every year during the 1990-2000 period, including years in which the electronics industry elsewhere declined.

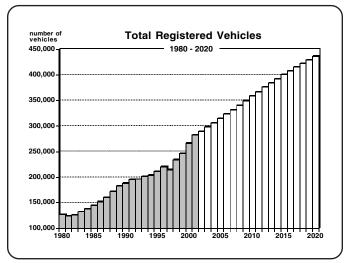


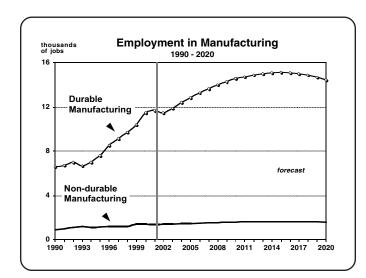


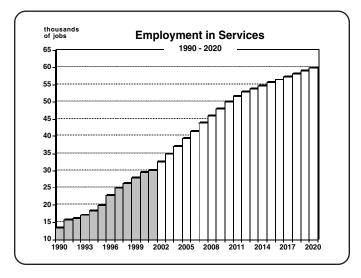
Forecast Highlights

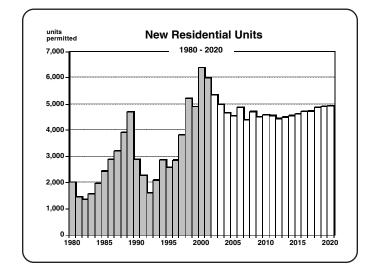
- An estimated 3,500 jobs are created in Placer County in 2002. Job growth remains firm over the next 5 years, rising an an annual compound rate of 3.9 percent.
- The unemployment rate averages between 4.8 and 5.0 percent per year for the next 5 years.

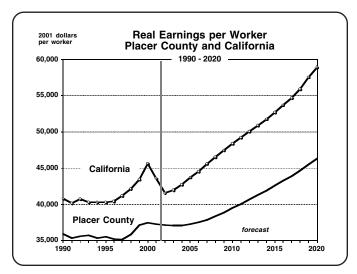


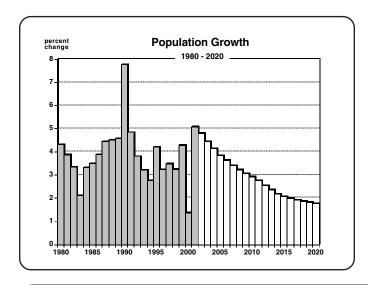


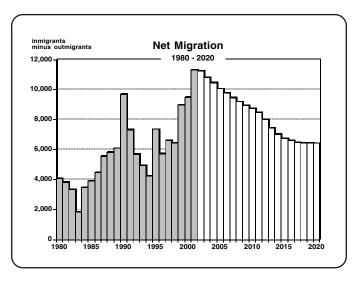








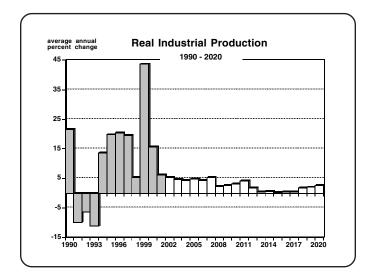


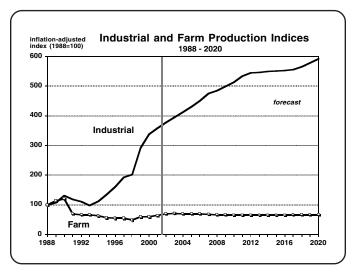


Placer County Economic Forecast 1995-2001 History, 2002-2020 Forecast

	Population (people)	Net Migration (people)	Registered Vehicles (number)	Households (thousands)		Retail Sales (billions)	Personal Income (billions)	Real Per Capita Income (dollars)	Farm Crop Value (millions)	Industrial Production (billions)
1995	213,400	7,354	212,023	74.9	2,574	\$1.9	\$6.0	\$32,445	\$52.9	\$2.4
1996	220,300	5,710	219,990	77.1	2,847	\$2.1	\$6.6	\$33,624	\$52.1	\$2.9
1997	228,000	6,598	214,709	79.6	3,837	\$2.3	\$7.2	\$34,774	\$53.1	\$3.5
1998	235,400	6,430	233,764	82.1	5,206	\$2.5	\$7.8	\$36,316	\$48.1	\$3.7
1999	245,500	8,977	246,046	85.9	4,896	\$2.9	\$8.6	\$37,558	\$59.9	\$5.3
2000	248,900	9,500	266,478	92.3	6,379	\$3.4	\$9.2	\$38,224	\$61.7	\$6.1
2001	261,500	11,313	282,147	96.8	5,985	\$3.9	\$9.9	\$37,799	\$69.5	\$6.5
2002	274,043	11,245	290,094	101.1	5,355	\$4.2	\$10.7	\$37,711	\$77.1	\$6.8
2003	286,196	10,814	298,178	105.5	4,995	\$4.3	\$11.5	\$37,952	\$81.0	\$7.2
2004	298,033	10,451	306,432	110.2	4,675	\$4.5	\$12.4	\$38,521	\$82.0	\$7.5
2005	309,530	10,063	314,839	115.1	4,550	\$4.7	\$13.5	\$39,502	\$83.5	\$7.8
2006	320,769	9,765	323,388	120.2	4,855	\$4.9	\$14.6	\$40,176	\$84.3	\$8.2
2007	331,742	9,470	332,056	125.5	4,400	\$5.0	\$15.7	\$40,984	\$85.3	\$8.6
2008	342,441	9,184	340,814	131.1	4,711	\$5.4	\$17.0	\$41,927	\$86.1	\$8.8
2009	352,935	8,958	349,645	136.9	4,501	\$5.7	\$18.2	\$42,511	\$86.9	\$9.0
2010	363,230	8,746	358,517	143.0	4,589	\$6.0	\$19.5	\$43,206	\$87.9	\$9.3
2011	373,234	8,458	367,366	149.4	4,558	\$6.4	\$20.7	\$43,645	\$88.8	\$9.7
2012	382,784	7,997	376,081	156.0	4,440	\$6.8	\$22.3	\$44,727	\$91.4	\$9.9
2013	391,792	7,457	384,545	162.9	4,488	\$7.2	\$23.9	\$45,665	\$93.3	\$9.9
2014	400,358	7,022	392,707	170.1	4,556	\$7.7	\$25.5	\$46,520	\$95.6	\$9.9
2015	408,655	6,763	400,580	177.7	4,627	\$8.1	\$26.9	\$46,988	\$98.4	\$10.0
2016	416,767	6,592	408,182	185.5	4,723	\$8.6	\$28.9	\$48,147	\$101.7	\$10.0
2017	424,749	6,479	415,545	193.7	4,729	\$9.1	\$30.9	\$49,368	\$105.5	\$10.0
2018	432,671	6,434	422,693	202.2	4,858	\$9.7	\$33.2	\$50,694	\$108.8	\$10.2
2019	440,569	6,439	429,656	211.0	4,910	\$10.3	\$35.4	\$51,826	\$112.0	\$10.4
2020	448,409	6,415	436,440	220.2	4,932	\$10.9	\$37.6	\$53,008	\$115.0	\$10.7

- Employment growth in services averages 6.1 percent per year over the next 5 years, compared to 8.2 percent growth between 1995 and 2000. Most of the jobs created in the region and Placer County will be in the services sector, including information technology, professional services, and healthcare.
- Population growth remains high but slows gradually between 2002 and 2007. The average projected rate of growth (3.9 percent) is still greater than the 1995 to 2000 rate of growth (3.1 percent). More housing in the County will be built over the next 5 years, accommodating the growing population. The forecast expects 4,000 to 5,000 new housing permits per year.





Total Wage & Sa (000)	alary Farm (000)		n Manufacturing (000)	Transportation, Utilities (000)	Wholesale, Retail Trade (000)	Finance, Real Estate (000)	Services (000)	Government (000)
			emplo	yment (jobs)				
75.2	0.4	5.3	8.8	3.6	20.5	3.9	20.0	12.8
82.0	0.4	6.1	9.7	3.5	22.0	4.0	22.8	13.4
88.8	0.5	7.0	10.3	3.7	23.5	4.5	24.9	14.4
95.1	0.4	8.2	10.9	3.8	24.6	5.1	26.4	15.7
101.6	0.3	9.8	11.8	3.9	25.8	5.4	27.8	16.8
109.1	0.4	10.9	12.9	4.2	27.4	6.1	29.6	17.7
112.6	0.4	12.1	13.0	4.2	28.1	6.3	30.1	18.4
118.6	0.4	13.1	12.9	4.2	28.6	6.9	32.5	20.0
123.3	0.4	13.6	13.3	4.2	29.0	7.1	34.8	20.8
128.5	0.6	13.9	13.8	4.3	29.6	7.5	37.1	21.8
133.6	0.8	14.2	14.3	4.3	30.3	7.7	39.3	22.6
138.9	1.1	14.4	14.8	4.4	31.2	8.0	41.6	23.5
143.7	1.0	14.7	15.2	4.4	32.0	8.3	43.8	24.4
148.3	0.8	14.9	15.6	4.4	32.9	8.6	45.9	25.3
153.1	0.9	14.9	15.9	4.4	33.9	8.8	48.0	26.4
157.6	0.9	14.7	16.2	4.5	34.8	9.1	49.9	27.5
161.5	1.0	14.5	16.4	4.5	35.8	9.2	51.6	28.5
164.6	1.1	14.3	16.5	4.4	36.8	9.3	52.9	29.1
166.6	1.2	14.0	16.7	4.4	37.7	9.4	53.8	29.4
168.2	1.2	13.7	16.7	4.4	38.5	9.4	54.7	29.5
170.0	1.2	13.5	16.8	4.5	39.4	9.5	55.6	29.6
171.9	1.2	13.5	16.7	4.5	40.2	9.5	56.5	29.8
173.9	1.2	13.5	16.7	4.5	41.0	9.6	57.3	30.0
176.0	1.3	13.5	16.5	4.6	41.9	9.7	58.2	30.3
178.1	1.4	13.7	16.3	4.6	42.7	9.7	59.0	30.7
180.1	1.4	13.8	16.0	4.6	43.5	9.7	59.8	31.2

- Real per capita incomes rise an at annual compound rate of 1.7 percent over the next 5 years. Real (inflation-adjusted) salaries in the County average \$37,100 in 2002. The increase in real average salaries is modest over the next several years due to the composition of jobs created (high and low wage services, low wage retail trade, and high wage manufacturing).
- The median home selling price in Placer County was \$245,500 in 2001. Over the forecast horizon, the median price rises an average of 1.6 percent per year, adjusted for inflation. This appreciation rate is in line with the average real rate of price appreciation (2 percent) that prevailed between 1995 and 2000.